

Colossians 4:7-17

- Christians are to be:
 - "complete in Christ" (cf. Colossians 2:9-10)
 - "perfect in Christ" (Colossians 1:28)
- Does this mean that those who are in Christ are to be exactly alike in every way?
- 1 Corinthians 1:10; 12:12ff; Ephesians 4:4, 11ff

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The Men Who Were Messengers (verses 7-9)

Tychicus (verses 7-8) – "the <u>beloved brother and</u> <u>faithful minister</u> and fellow-servant in the Lord"
Acts 20:4 – One who accompanied Paul.

- Ephesians 6:21-22 Messenger of Paul.
- Titus 3:12 and 2 Timothy 4:12 Continued to serve Paul as a messenger until the end.
- Note: Possibly one of those in 2 Corinthians 8:23 who were called "messengers of the churches, they are the glory of Christ."

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The Men Who Were Messengers (verses 7-9)

Onesimus (verse 9) – "<u>the faithful and beloved</u> <u>brother</u>"

- From Colossae (cf. "who is one of you")
- Onesimus was a runaway slave converted by Paul and sent back. cf. Philemon
- Was serving as a messenger for Paul.

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Men Who Were Comforters (verses 10-11)

cf. 2 Corinthians 7:13; 1 Thessalonians 3:6-7; Philippians 2:25

Aristarchus (verse 10a)

- A "fellow prisoner."
- A fellow traveler with Paul. Acts 20:4
 - Who nearly lost his life to the riot in Ephesus. Acts 19:29
- Sailed with Paul to Rome. Acts 27:2
- Now in Rome with Paul, sending greetings.

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Men Who Were Comforters (verses 10-11)

Mark (verse 10b)

- The writer of the second Gospel, he was the cousin (nephew) of Barnabas Son of exhortation. Acts 4:36
- The church in Jerusalem met in his mother's house. Acts 12:12
- Started on their first journey, but then turned back. Acts 13:1-13
- Later became a subject of contention between Paul and Barnabas. Acts 15:36-41
- Eventually proved "profitable" to Paul for service. 2 Timothy 4:11
- He is now included with those who Paul said "proved to be a comfort to me"

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Men Who Were Comforters (verses 10-11) Jesus, called Justus (verse 11)

- Little is known of this man, except that he was a Jew ("of the circumcision") and a "fellow worker unto the kingdom"
- He, too, was a comfort to Paul.

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The Man Who Prayed (verses 12-13) Epaphras, likely the person who started the church at Colossae. Colossians 1:7-8

- He was from Colossae ("one of you")
- He cared deeply for them and those in Laodicea and Hierapolis
- He too was a *"fellow prisoner"* (Philemon 23); what could he do for those so far away?
- He could at least pray for his brethren!

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The Man Who Prayed (verses 12-13)

Epaphras, "... always labouring fervently for you in prayers, that ye may stand perfect and complete in all the will of God." KJV

- He prayed "constantly"("always")
- He prayed "fervently" ("laboring fervently KJV")
- He prayed "personally" ("for you")
- He prayed "with a goal in mind" ("that you may stand perfect and complete ...")

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Two Men Of Contrast (verse 14)

Luke, the "beloved physician" ...

- A fellow traveler with Paul on a number of his journeys. Acts 16:10; 20:5; 27:1 (note the personal pronouns *"we," "us"*)
- Wrote the Gospel of Luke and the Book of Acts.
- He was faithful to Paul to the end. 2 Timothy 4:11

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Colossians 4:7-17 Conclusion

The spread of the gospel during the first century was not accomplished through the efforts of great men like Paul and the twelve apostles **alone**.

- It was greatly assisted by humble men and women who served as <u>messengers</u>, <u>comforters</u>, those who <u>prayed</u>, and <u>servants</u> of others (verses 7-14) (cf. Mark 14:8)
- Those who opened their hearts and their homes to the service of the church, as did **Nymphas (verse 15)**
- Paul named **Archippus** (Philemon 2) as an admonition to us as well: *"Take heed to the ministry which you have received in the*
- Lord, that you may fulfill it."Colossians 4:17

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Two Men Of Contrast (verse 14)

Demas, who later forsook Paul ...

- At the time Colossians and Philemon was written, Demas was a *"fellow laborer."*
- But not long after, it was said of him, "Demas hath forsaken me, having loved this present world." 2 Timothy 4:10; cf. Revelation 2:10; 12:11